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Type of paper transmitted: Letter to Commissioner for Patents; Replacement Pages 37, 37a, 37b and 38
Applicant's Name: Lawrence H. Thompson
Serial No.: 09/637,962 Examiner: R. DeBerry
Filing Date: 08/11/00 Art Unit: 1647 Confirmation No.: 8001
Application Title: THERAPEUTIC METHODS FOR TREATING SUBJECTS WITH A RECOMBINANT ERYTHROPOIETIN HAVING HIGH ACTIVITY AND REDUCED SIDE EFFECTS

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KATHLEEN M. PETRILLD KPETRILLD@GENNIGER.COM

March 13, 2006

Application of Lawrence H. Thompson Serial No. 09/637,962 Filed August 11, 2000 Art Unit 1647 Confirmation No. 8001 For THERAPEUTIC METHODS FOR TREATING SUBJECTS WITH A RECOMBINANT ERYTHROPOIETIN HAVING HIGH ACTIVITY AND REDUCED SIDE EFFECTS Attorney Docket No. ELX-5704(US); BXTR 9005

Re: Commissioner for Patents

P.O. Box 1450

Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450

Dear Ms. Birch:

In response to our telephone conversation of Friday, March 10, 2006, enclosed are replacement pages 37, 37a, 37b and 38 which are intended to replace pages 37 and 38 of the original application.

Applicant believes these replacement pages now put the application in condition for issuance.

Respectfully submitted,

Kathleen M. Petrillo, Reg. No. 35,076

KMP/lam *Enclosure 37

A fourth open, uncontrolled European trial included more than a 1000 HD patients. In total, 829 patients were evaluated for 26 weeks. Of these patients, 379 were administered Epoetin Omega by i.v. injection and 450 were administered by s.c. injection.

In a pilot study using an initial dose of 3x40 IU/kg/week, either i.v. or s.c., both hemoglobin and HCT rose quickly, leading to a reduction in the dose as early as after two weeks

37a

Trial (Reference)	Duration	No. of patients and dosing (TU/Lg)	Iron	Baseline Hb (g/dL) and/or HCT (%)	Dose variations during trial	End point Hb and/or HCT	Other notices
India 1)	12 weeks	12 weeks 20, 3x25 i.v. 8 weeks, then 3x36	400 mg/day p.o. + Folic acid 5 mg/day	Hb 6.0±1.0 HCT 18.3±3		Hb 9.9±1.4 HCT 29.9±4.7	9/20 reached 10.0 g/dL Hb Continuous rise in Hb and HCT
· India 2)	12 weeks	12 weeks 13, same as above	Iron dextran i.v. from 2. week on	Hb 6.1 (mean) HCT 18 (mean)		Hb 8.0 (mean) HCT 26 (mean)	Continuous rise in Hb and HCT
India 3)	12 weeks	12 weeks 15, same as above	Not stated	Hb 5.6±1.1 HCT 16.5±3.3	ı	Hb 7.9±1.4 HCT 23.5±4.6	Continuous rise in Hb and HCT
India 4	12 weeks	12 weeks 22, same as above	150-300 mg/day p.o. + 200-300 mg/week i.v.	TD 5,941.1 HCT 18.243.4		Hb 8.4±1.9 HCT 26±6	3/22 reached 10 g/dL Hb Continuous rise in Hb and HCT
Brazil	16 weeks	15, 3x50 i.v. (high dose, HD) 15, 3x25 i.v. (low dose, LD) Single dose (1 by 25 IU after week 4 if Hb rose ≤ 1.0 g/dL,	According to ferritin, i.v. or p.o., or without (ferritin >500 mg/mL)	HD: Hb 6.4 (mean) HD group (RU/kg/) HCT 20 (mean) wk 1-6: 145-155 LD: Hb 7.0 (mean) wk 7-12: 100-110 HCT 22.5 wk 12-16: 70-100	HD group (IJ/kg/wkl) wk 1-6: 145-155 wk 7-12: 100-110 wk 12-16: 70-100	HD: Hb 10.4 (mean) HCT 32.2 (mean) LD: Hb 10.2 (mean) HCT 32.1 (mean)	Continuous rise in Hb and HCT in both dosage groups, but more rapid and prominent

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		and during trial according to		(теап)			with the higher dose.	
		response.			LD snoup (IU/kg/wk)		HD group patients all reached	
		When Hb 10.0 g/dL, dose U			wk 1-4: 70-75		10.0 g/dL Hd.	
		by 1/3 - i.v. or s.c. (50%)			wk 5-13; 100-110		Time to target 7.4 ±2.7 weeks	
					wk 14-16; 90-95			
Argentina	16 weeks	16 weeks 9, 3x25 i.v.	160 mg/day p.o.	Hb 5.7±1.0	Overall average	FD 8.9±1.1	Continuous rise in Hb and	
		9, 3x50 i.v.	according to ferritin	HCT 17.0±3.2	wk 1-3: X=100-115	HCT 26.7±3.2	нст	
		Single dose fl by 25 IU in 2-			SD=30-36		regardless of the initial dose.	
		wk intervals, according to			wk 4-9: X=80-95			
		response in Hb			SD-20-4S			
					wk 10-13: X=100-120			
					SD-50-60			3/
					wk 14-16: X=120-145			
					SD=55-60			
	10				•			

38

of treatment in majority of the patients. Accordingly, for the main part of the trial, initial doses of 3x30 IU/kg week i.v. or s.c. were used. Included patients had hemoglobin \$9.0 g/dL, HCT \$27%, and all standard inclusion/exclusion criteria for efficacy/safety trials of rHu EPOs.

The main objective of the trial was to increase and maintain hemoglobin at 10.0-12.0 g/dL, or at least to induce a rise in hemoglobin $\ge .0$ g/dL and HCT >6% over the first 12 weeks of the trial. Dosing was divided in two periods: a titration period (needed to achieve the target) and a maintenance period (needed to keep hemoglobin and HCT within the target values with as little variability as possible). Dose adjustments were made every two weeks according to hemoglobin response and tolerability (single dose up or down by 5-20 IU/kg). Iron was supplemented orally or intravenously, depending on the iron status, so as to keep ferritin > 150 µg/L and transferrin saturation >20%. It is noted that in this study, patients were screened for the presence of EPO antibodies, and only two patients in the 1,000 showed presence of antibodies. Thus, the incidence of antibody formation with Epoetin Omega seems to be less than 0.2%.